THE INSPECTORSHIPS FIGHT.

BROOKS AND M'CULLAGH RATED ABOVE ALL OTHER CANDIDATES.

AGAIN MR. PARKER DISSENTS FROM HIS COL-LEAGUES AND HARSHLY CRITICISES THEIR ACTION.

After the regular meeting of the Police Board sterday the Commissioners had a lively discussion question of rating the captains who were ned for inspectors last week. The matter was brought up by Commissioner Parker, who asked shether the Board should go ahead at once and rate the captains or wait until Friday, when the examination papers would be prepared. Colonel Grant said was ready to rate Acting Inspectors Brooks and McCullagh, and added: "I do not want any one else to get on the list until they are confirmed."

Then your object is to stop any one else from coming inspector unless Brooks and McCullagh are appointed. Is that so?" asked Commissioner

"That is good English for it," answered Mr.

Commissioner Grant then moved that Acting Inspector McCullagh receive a merit mark for 60 and Acting Inspector Brooks for 55. He added that he would like to see Captains Allaire and Cross made inspectors also, but said that while Brooks and Mc-Cullagh were in the race none of the other sixteen captains who were in the examination should get any

As 75 per cent is necessary to get on the eligihis list a rating of 40 would disqualify a candidate, inless he passed a perfect examination and made 25, which is the bighest he could get.

Colonel Grant said he was anxious that Brooks and McCullagh should be disposed of before any of and McChange saken up. "They should be either the others were taken up. "They should be either rated and confirmed," he said, "or else disposed of some other way. After that we can dispose of the

Colonel Grant's proposition to rate McCullagh 60, Brooks 55 and all the others 40.

My position is that McCullagh should have Recoks 55," said Mr. Roosevelt, "and that none of the others should be rated over 40. I want to be understood, though, that is not my estimate of the relative value of merit of the others among themselves. I am rating Brooks and Me-Cullagh by comparison with the others."

FOR BROOKS AND M'CULLAGH FIRST. "Brooks and McCullagh have had much longer ex-rience than any others," said Colonel Grant, "and ev should be confirmed before any one else."

you propose to give some people certain ou deny others because they have not had the ex-rience; is that so?" asked Commissioner Parker. el Grant replied that he was for Brooks and

ou agree with Mr. Roosevelt's idea?" asked Commissioner Parker, turning to Commissioner An-The latter replied that he did, but he was awilling to discuss the subject then. Mr. Andrews tried to stop further discussion of the matter, and asked to let the whole matter lie over until Friday, but Commissioner Parker insisted on making the mel Grant's motion to give McCullagh 60,

Coionel Grant's motion to give McCullagh 60, Brooks 55 and Captains Donald Grant, Allaire, Vredenburgh, Cross, Young, Groo, Smith, Chapman, Sheehan, O'Brien, Dean, Haughey, Kirshner and Acting Inspectors O'Keefe, Harley and Thompson 40 was then adopted and the candidates were so rated. "There are several of the captains I should like to see appointed," said President Rooseveit, "but I think my judgment is that Brooks and McCullagh are entitled to it first of all."

"If McCullagh and Brooks were out of the way would you consider the others nearer to perfection?" asked Commissioner Parker of Commissioner Rooseveit, Mr. Rooseveit replied that with McCullagh and Brooks confirmed, he would revise the ratings of the others and give some of the men higher marks.

Board room, with Commissioner Roosevelt at his heels.

"Pardon me," said Commissioner Parker, with great emphasis. "I want to know whether you are going to dispose of this matter now or not."

Commissioners Roosevelt and Andrews lingered near the Board-room table while Commissioner Parker Kept up the discussion with Colonel Grant. Mr. Parker, addressing Colonel Grant said: "You want to shut out Allaire by giving him 40."

"I do not wish to shut him out. I want to see him appointed, and Cross, too, but I want Brooks and McCullagh to get in first," said Colonel Grant.

Commissioner Grant came out bluntly and said that if necessary he would rate all the others so that they could not get on the eligible list at all. After Commissioners Roosevelt, Grant and Andrews had agreed on the merit marks mentioned the president said that the ratings could be revised any time. Commissioner Parker dissented from all the ratings. He said he expected to have a public discussion over the matter of rating the candidates, but the other Commissioners were not in favor of this. was then decided to postpone until further no examination for deputy chief, which was set

MR. PARKER'S STATEMENT.

After the meeting Commissioner Parker made this statement relative to the action of his colleagues: The intention of the action taken is plain, to wit: obstruct the chances of all except Brooks and McCuilagh. The door of promotion is shut in the unless they are made none shall be. I came into the meeting prepared to discuss the merits of every candidate, and so told Mr. Roosevelt in the open meeting, but their programme was made up bef announced at once that the list must be McCullagh the old list meant, that they expect me to take those or none. They are willing to hold up the whole force because of those two. Colonel Grant has again and again in public stated that he would has again and again in public stated that he would not were for anybody until those two are made. I leave the public and the Mayor to characterize that determination. What Colonel Grant has frankly said Messrs. Rocsevelt and Andrews think they can do. In brief, out of a list of eighteen old and tried officials, ton of them honorably discharged veterans of the Civil War, they deliberately attempt to insure promotion to two who are not veterans, and by that arbitrary use of their power, which General Tracy lately so happily characterized, rule out the other sixteen as effectually as though Brooks and Mc-Cillagh were the only ones who had entered the examination. The injustice of the action needs no comment, and its very legality may be doubted."

POLICE COMPLAINTS DISMISSED.

Commissioner Roosevelt submitted to the Police Board yesterday a long report relative to a number of complaints pending against members of the force which had never been tried. The cases were pending when the present Board came into office. Some of them grew out of the Lexow investigation. Twentytwo cases were referred to Mr. Roosevelt. He informed his colleagues that It proved extremely difficult to deal with the cases. The complaints were as a rule from six to eighteen months old and some of the offences had occurred four years previous to the present Board's term. Commissioner Roosevelt also said that in some instances it proved impossible to produce the production of the testimony and to put the officers on trial. In other cases he said every the officers on trial. In other cases he said every effort to procure such testimony had failed. In the case of Capitain Schmittberger, who was accused of accepting a bribe of \$600 from the French Steamship Line. Mr. Roosevelt recommended that the charge be dismissed and it was.

The other cases reported on were of minor importance. Some were dismissed and others referred to the Rules and Discipline Committee.

WANT TO BE DEPUTY CHIEF.

At the Police Board meeting yesterday Captain O'Brien, of the Detective Bureau, and Captain Groo, of the Mercer-st. station, made application promotion to the deputy chiefship. Groo was among the captains examined for inspectorship Under the law, the deputy chief can be appointed from either inspectors or captains. Groo is a veteran. The two applications have been filed with the chief cierk, and will not be acted on until the examination for promotion to deputy chief takes place.

JOHN WOOLEY DISCHARGED.

John Wooley, forty-eight years old, who when arrested Tuesday night gave his address as No. 69 Bath-ave., Long Branch, N. J., but who, from checks and cards in his pockets, was found to live in Jefferson Market Court yesterday morning by Policeman Lawless, of the West Thirtleth-st. station, on a charge of intoxication and disorderly

Wooley leaning against the railing of the house at No. 116 West Twenty-seventh-st. at 11 o'clock Tuesday night. He seemed to be in a dazed condi-tion. He was arrested for intoxication and taken to the station, where not a single article of value was found in his pockets.

At the station Wooley told Sergeant Lane that he had been drugged and robbed of a watch and chain valued at \$250 and of \$40 in money. He said that he did not know the name of the woman who robbed him.

He was discharged by Magistrate Deuel.

REPORT OF THE DOCK COMMISSION

IT SHOWS AN INCREASE IN REVENUES AND A DECREASE IN DISBURSEMENTS-NEW WHARFAGE ROOM NEEDED.

The Dock Commissioners yesterday submitted their quarterly report, embracing the transactions between January 1 and April 30, to the Mayor's office. During that period the revenues were \$67,-156 78, and the disbursements were \$166,413 54, as against revenues of \$490,077 25 and disbursements of \$372,533 45 for the same period of 1895. These figures show an increase in revenue for that time of \$17,079 50 and a decrease in expenditures of \$206,119 91. The items in the running expenses of the Department show a large decrease. An in portant part of the Commissioners' report is as follows:

ment show a large decrease. An in portant part of the Commissioners' report is as follows:

In view of the importance and pressing need for the improvement between West Eleventh and Gansevoort sis, and westerly of West-st and Tenth-ave, a brief summary of what has been accomplished is submitted for your information:

At the beginning of its administration the present Board was confronted with conditions which rendered it necessary to invoke legislative action in order to give relief to the pressing needs of the commerce of the city. No new wharfage room had been created for many years where it would give relief to congested sections, except in cases where piers already existing were extended to the pierhead line established by the Secretary of War in 1830. All the wharf property owned by the city was in use and fully occupied, except in places remote from business centres. Applications for dock facilities from every class of shipping were on file, and some of the more important had been for many years. Complaints were being made that, notwithstanding the fact that they were willing to pay high rentals, applicants were unable to secure suitable wharfage accommodations. Instances were given and statistics furnished to show the; owing to the failure of the city to provide such accommodations, commerce was being diverted to other places; that the efforts of the Department of Docks since its organization had been mainly directed to the improvement and maintenance of water-front property owned by the city, and that the large tract of land between West Eleventh and West Twenty-third sts., westerly of West-st, and Tenth-ave—absolutely necessary to give relief in this, the congested, section of the city, and which many years ago had been injudiciously if not inproperly filled in—had not been reconverted to its proper use, namely, the use of shipping.

Regarding the improvements contemplated, the Commissioners say:

Regarding the improvements contemplated, the

Commissioners say:

It is to be regretted that the execution of this improvement was not entered upon many years ago, both for financial reasons and the welfare of the commerce of the city. For the value of the property to be acquired has greatly increased since the proposition was made, and it will now cost nearly double what it would have at that time. And there is no doubt that the commerce of the city has suffered for the lack of the facilities to be given by this improvement.

In connection with this improvement it is to be noted that only in two other cases has water-front property, which has been filled in and diverted from its proper use by shipping, been reconverted by the Department of Docks to shipping purposes since its organization. The cases referred to are (f) at West Washington Market, where 125,000 square feet, or fifty city lots, were excavated and the area adapted for the uses of shipping, and (2) at the "Old Red Fort," near the foot of Hubert-st, where 4,000 square feet or about nineteen city lots, were excavated, making a total of 172,000 square feet, whereas, between West Eleventh and Gansevoort sta, the area to be reconverted to the uses of shipping is \$55.00 square feet, or about 274 city lots—an area four times as great as in the two cases above cited.

THE ST. JAMES HOTEL SALE.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE PROPERTY ALMOST COMPLETE-PLANS

FOR A SIXTEEN-STORY OFFICE

Bruce Pris the architect of the tall office building which a Philadelphia syndicate proposes to put up on the St. James Hotel site, when their arrangements shall have been completed filed plans yesterday for the new structure with the Department of Buildings. The structure is to be built of construction plan. It will be sixteen stories high, with a frontage of 94.4 feet in Broadway and 110.1 in Twenty-sixth-st. The estimated cost is \$1,500,

is \$1,000,000.

It was learned yesterday that certain hitches in the negotiations have been practically straightened out, and that the deal will probably be carried through by the middle of August. The ground floor of the new building, on the Broadway side, is to be used for stores.

DISINFECTION OF STEAMSHIPS.

DR. DOTY'S NEW APPARATUS TESTED, AND GIVES SATISFACTION.

A. H. Doty, Health Officer of the port, for the quarantine service at the port of New-York was exhibited at the foot of West Forty-fourth-st. and North River yesterday afternoon. Dr. Doty superom all the J. D. Bryant and Dr. W. H. Draper. The apparatus but is constructed on board the steamboat J. W. Wads- angle of the two points, where it is shirred for a position alongside the steamship. The passengers about ten minutes. The property is not injured by the process. If chemicals are required for fumigatabout ten minutes. The foreign to the process. If chemicals are required for fumigating there is specially devised apparatus for the purpose. There are also powerful blowers for forcing air or fumes through the holds of vessels.

The new system saves much time and is intended for the greater convenience of steamship passengers. The officers and professional men who witnessed the trial were well pleased with the manner in which the apparatus did its work. The apparatus and the steamboat upon which it is constructed are to be in the regular service of the Quarantine department. Dr. Doty has devoted a great deal of time and study in devising the new system, and he and his associates are confident that it fully meets and his associates are confident that it fully meets the requirements for which it was designed. One of the features of the construction of the boat is a metallic surface lining for all the bathrooms and other apartments. This is to prevent lodging places for any serms of disease. In addition to the convenience and saving of time by the use of the new apparatus, there is a lessening of cost.

WAYWARDNESS ENDS IN SUICIDE.

A YOUNG GIRL, WHO HAD BEEN A SOURCE OF TROUBLE TO HER PARENTS, TAKES LAUD-ANUM ON AN ELEVATED STATION.

Mary Outen, twenty-five years old, of No. 409 East Seventeenth-st., attempted suicide at 11 o'clock yesterday by taking a dose of laudanum on the elevated station at Second-ave, and One-hundred-and-seventeenth-st. She was removed by the police to Harlem Hospital. The young woman lived with her widowed mother in small but neatly kept rooms on the third floor of the tenement house given as her address.

Mrs. Outen, when questioned regarding her daughter, said. "I have always thought that the girl was out of her mind. She was away from my girl was out of her mind. She was away from my home all last winter. When she returned she said that she had been in an institution for the training of nurses. I took her back without questions. Since then she would wake in the middle of the night and begin screaming for help. About two weeks ago she stayed away from home all night. The next day, when she returned. I told her that she could not act in that way, or I, as her mother, could not be responsible for her. I cannot grieve any more about her, for she has broken my heart elevate."

AT THE RAILROAD WRECK EXHIBITION.

The written history of each of the two thirty-five ton locomotives to be used in the Railroad Wreck Exhibition at Brighton Beach on August 8 has been prepared by the master mechanic of the road, showing the exact number of miles each engine has run during its life of service, etc., and these facts are to be embodied in a neat souvenir to be distributed among those who attend the exhibition. A strange feature of these facts is that neither one A strange feature of these race now in active service, of the locomotives, which are now in active service, and will be until the day of the collision, has ever been in a collision or serious accident of any kind. Work is now going on on the track to be used, which will be newly ballasted and put in good

ONE NEW HOTEL SITE SECURED. The difficulties regarding the leases on a part of

the plot to be used for the new Herald Square Hotel have all been settled except that of the fiquor store at the northwest corner of Sixth-ave, and Thirty-sixth-st. Possession of the liquor store at Broadway and Thirty-sixth-st, will be given next Saturday, as will also that of the market in Thirty-sixth-st. The buildings will at once be torn down.

Mrs. Mann-Is your husband fond of children,

THE TURBAN.

AN EFFORT TO BRING IT BACK-SOME PARISIAN COSTUMES.

that tiny capotes or small turbans made of tuile, with flowers, feathers and a large aigrette, will be worn with dinner gowns next win-ter, and even at balls will be permissible This seems to indicate a slight approach to the imposing looking turban with the bird of Paradise feather, which graced the heads of our grandmothers fifty years ago. Head dresses, which of late years have become almost obsolete, promise to have a decided revival, and certainly at a dinner table or in an opera box they add some-thing to the brilliancy of the scene. A charming little affair by Virot, to be worn at a fulldress evening function, is of light green tulle bunched on a tiny net frame, with a full white algrette on the left side, just below which, resting on the elaborate colffeur, is a large blush rose. Another effective head dress from the same house is of turquoise blue velvet, laid across the front in folds, which end in a sort of fan on the left side. There they are held together by a tail, full white prin-cesse feather, fastened with a diamond pin. The right hand side of this turban-like arrangement is finished with a bunch of blue forget-me-nots.

It is interesting to look around one at any outdoor entertainment of the day, and note the great variety shown in the trimming of the various bod-

THREE BRAVE LITTLE BOYS.

ABANDONED BY THEIR PARENTS, THE OLDER ONES WORKED FOR THE YOUNGEST-NOW

Fresh Air Fund yesterday by the little victims, two boys, Solomon and Abraham Lassman, fifteen and elve years old. The boys are the sons of Moritz Switzerland, four months ago, leaving the two lads and their brother, Henry, thirteen years old, to thift for themselves. When they came to the office of The Tribune Fresh Air Fund yesterday, they looked not only poor, but so ill-kept that they were sent to be bathed and to have their long hair cut before they were asked to tell their story. When they returned, the older boy said.

"Our parents used to live at No. 32 Riving on-st. Four months ago they went back home and told us boys we could make our own living here. Well, we did till a few days ago. We had good customers for papers, me and my brother Henry, and we sold 'em and left the little fellow home and give him a chance to go to school. We all boarded at No. 226 East



displayed in the various confections. A pretty and very simple way of treating a cotton gown is to have the waist made blouse-fashion, and on the shoulders to lay a bow composed of four loops of two-inch ribbon, covered with insertion of the same width. These loops diverge at an angle from each other, two on either side, the space between being filled with a gathered fall of lace edging, which hangs considerably below the loops of the ribbon. This arrangement, though exceedingly simple, is very effective. Applied lace, or figures cut out of the lace and sewed on the material, is a many country of triuming elaborate dresses. of black velvet let in on the shoulders, and then another long, slender point extending to the waist on either side, the faille being gathered up to the couple of inches. The black velvet is co a design of renalssance lace cut out and apexceedingly rich and beautiful.

el. The sieeves are accordion-pleated and intersected with narrow stripes of white ribbon embroidered with iridescent paillettes. The yoke is formed of horizontal stripes of ribbon embroidered in the same way, and finished with a tiny fringe of the paillettes hanging over the accordion-pleated black

same way, and finished with a tiny ringe of the pallettes hanging over the accordion-pleated black blouse.

Silver gray and black is a combination much in favor this season. A very "chie" Parislan tollet is of silver-gray taffeta. The skirt is made with a deep Spanish flounce, beaded with a standing ruffle of black satin. The bodies is made with a cape of black satin fitting smoothly in one piece both neck and shoulders, thus forming the high collar, which is edged with a thick ruche of the black satin. The short round yoke, which also forms the collar, is covered with a Spanish-looking design embroidered in gold bullion. Below this round yoke is a deep flounce of black satin, put on in boxpleats, on each plent there being deep pendants embroidered of the gold bullion. This cape nearly covers the bodies, which has short, full elbow sleeves, and a blouse waist ending in a black satin belt.

An effective dinner dress is made of a combination of pale green peau de soie and pekiné pompadour taffetia. The skirt is made plain with side panels of the pekiné let in, and the waist has a pekiné bodice cut en surplice, but fitting very smooth and tight. It forms an open pointed neck which is filled in in front with a chemisette of lace, and is finished on the shoulders with applications of white lace. The sievees are of the peau de soie with a short puff and tight-fitting to the elbow.

EAST RIVER BRIDGE COMMISSION.

EAST RIVER BRIDGE COMMISSION.

ADDITIONAL BORINGS TO BE MADE-FAILURE OF THE BOND BALE MAY CAUSE DELAY.

Chambers-st. yesterday, and outside of authorizing the engineer to have eight additional borings made, five on the Brooklyn side and three on the New-York side, the business was merely routine. The final plans for the new structure were ordered filed with th Public Works Commissioner of this city and the Board of City Works of Brooklyn as the law directs. Engineer Buck reported that the borings showed a better grade of foundation on this side of the river than in Brooklyn, and stated that the borings were

going on successfully.

As to the actual work on the towers F. B. Thurber, the secretary of the Commission, explained that only a guess could be made, for the calssons had first to be constructed and then sunken before the foundations "Work is going on rapidly on the plans for these caissons," said Mr. Thurber, "under direc tion of our engineer and no time is going to waste. We may, however, he delayed by the inability of

"We may, however, he delayed by the inability of both cities to sell their bonds. We will, after the plans for the caissons are finished, advertise for bids for their construction, and, of course, we will have to tell contractors that they will have to look out for their money as best they can.

"I do not think it will keep any of the contractors from bidding, for I believe that a month hence both cities will get plenty of bids for their bonds."

The Commission meets again next Wednesday.

STOLE LETTERS IN A HOTEL.

For some time the clerks and the proprietor of Hotel Metropole have been receiving complaints from guests that letters that were them, containing money, had never appeared, and that notes that they had sent from the hotel containing money had never been answered. On Sunday night Miss Agnes Miller, of Charles

Frohman's stock company, found in the lobby of the hotel an envelope addressed to her, but the letter and the contents were missing. This was reported to the hotel office, and the hotel people inormed Detectives Welsh and Caddell, of the West Thirtieth-st. station. The detectives learned that Miss Miller's lette

had been given to Thomas Paitnsch, twenty years

Ninth-st with Mrs. Halbersteter, and paid our rent all right till five days ago. Business got poor then and we couldn't pay, and we got put out and we've been sleeping in the street every might since."

The little fellows speak German fluently and are bright boys. They explained that when their parents left them they promised to send for them "in a month." "But we only get letters saying that we can't come yet," said the older boy, and he looked as though his faith in the promises of his parents had been shattered beyond repair.

The children were sent to the country for two weeks with some other Fresh Air children, but while they may forget their troubles amidst rural scenes, those who send them ask: "What will they do when they return to the city in which they have no home?"

KEPT IN PRISON BY MISTAKE.

AN OUTRAGEOUS BLUNDER BY SOME ONE AT

days in the Tembs untried. Mr. Fuller investigated and found he had no papers showing there was a Special Sessions prisoner untried except those on the Board of Health, Mr. Fox charged Durane with

special Sessions Not be used to the man. Durano was taken to the man. Durano was taken to the course of the part of some one in the Essex Market Court, the part of some one in the Essex Market Court, the part of some one in the Essex Market Court, the part of some one in the Essex Market Court, the papers in the case were not sent to the Court of Special Sessions, but pigeonholed in the police of Special Sessions, but pigeonholed in the police of the troubles, and waited day after day no one of his troubles, and waited day after day no one of his troubles, and waited day after day no one of his troubles, and waited day after can also come of his month in prison, Durano company and the prison of the court of the within one day of a month in prison, Durano communicated with friends, who went at once to court to assertain why the case was not called.

Chief Clerk Fuller at once sent Clerk Murray to the Essex Market Court, where he finally managed to find the original papers snugly sidetracked in an old desk. To bring them to the Court of Special Sessions and to arraign the long-imprisoned pedier only required a few minutes, and Durano walked out of the Criminal Court Building, sentence having been suspended on his plea of guilty.

Presiding Justice Hinslate, in reviewing the case, said that it was an outrageous blunder. He addressed a letter to Magistrate Flammer, President of the Board of Magistrates, complaining of the matter.

JAPANESE SEE CITY BUILDINGS.

The Japanese financiers who are at present staying here before proceeding to London to take charge of the Chinese war indemnity visited Postnder the guidance of Consul Miyagawa, Japan's under the guidance of Consul Miyagawa, Japan's representative in this city. They were escorted through the various postoffice and other departments in the building, and expressed great admiration at the systematic and effective manner in which the work of the Federal Government in New-York was carried on.

The party afterward visited the City Hall and were introduced to Acting Mayor Jeroloman and Secretary Hedges, and were shown the pictures in the Governor's Hoom and the empty punchbowl.

SAVED BY A BLUECOAT LOVER.

Miss Kate Fanning, of No. 1,016 Washington-ave., who drank a small quantity of carbolic acid at One-hundred-and-seventy-fifth-st. and Third-ave. Tuesday night with intent to commit suicide, is betted to-day. The surgeons at Fordham Hospital, where she was taken after her attempt, say that she will M, Miss Fanning owes her life to Policeman Edward

O'Brien, of the Morrisania police station, who struck the bottle of poison from her lips before she had swallowed enough to kill her. He had been paying attention to the young woman for some time, but their meeting on Tuesday night was by chance. She had bought the acid in Froelich's drug store, at One-hundred-and-sixty-seventh-st, and Third-ave., at 9 o'clock, saying that she wanted it as a disinat 9 o'clock, saying that she wanted it as a disinfectant. She walked up the avenue on leaving the store and met O'Brien coming down. She greeted him and lifted the bottle to her lips. He knocked it from her hand before she had drunk all the liquid. O'Brien carried her into Froelich's drug store and an antidate was administered. She soon became unconscious, and was taken to the ambulance in that condition. O'Brien rode with her, and remained at her bedside all night, till it was time for him to report in the morning. She did not regain her senses till early in the morning. Her throat and mouth are badly burned, so that she is unable to speak, and O'Brien refuses to say anything as to the probable cause of her attempt on her life.

Miss Fanning is said to be of good family and to have considerable money in her own right.

EXPENSIVE CHURCH DECORATIONS. A handsome and expensive glass dome is being

built over the altar in the Church of the Paulist Fathers, at Fifty-ninth-st. and Columbus-ave. The s. Mann—Is your husband fond of children, Goode. Oh, he dotes on them. Why, he is fretful he always goes out. I really be is fretful he always goes out. I really be it fretful he always goes out. I really be it fretful he always goes out. I really be it fretful he always goes out. I really be it fretful he always goes out. The boy toid them, the detectives From what the boy toid them, the detectives it would break his heart to hear Johnny or it would break his heart to hear sometimes Boston Transcript.

WORK ON THE GRANT MONUMENT.

GENERAL PORTER SAYS THE TOMB WILL BE FINISHED BY JANUARY 1, SEVERAL MONTHS BEFORE THE STIPU-

LATED TIME. General Horace Porter, who has given close at-tention to the erection of the Grant Monument, which is now rapidly nearing completion, said yeswhich is now rapidly nearing completion, and yeterday that the tale about slow work on the monument and the hopelessness of its being finished on time next spring emanated from an irresponsible source. The fact is, said the General, that the monument will be completed by January 1, several the before the stipulated time.

Regarding the talk that an elaborate system of

Regarding the talk that an elaborate system of terraces would be constructed from the tomb down the bank of the Hudson to the river, where an imposing landing for boat passengers would be built, General Porter said that the plans under his supervision did not contemplate this feature, but he added that he desired to have a handsome approach to the monument from the drive on the east.

The funds on hand for the completion of the tomb The funds on hand for the completion of the tomb are sufficient for all needs, the General declared. After the death of General Grant and the calling of a meeting to consider the erection of a monument \$150,000 was subscribed; but nothing further was done for seven years, when General Porter was asked in 1892 to take hold of the project. He raised \$420,000 in two months. The work, which was begun in the latter part of 1892, was to be completed by April 27, 1897, on the anniversary of Grant's birth-day. As announced by General Porter yesterday, the work is expected to be completed much sooner, but the dedicatory services will not take place until April 27. The arrangements for the exercises on that day will be announced later.

The total cost of Grant's temb will be about \$90,000, which has been contributed by \$80,000 citizens in subscriptions ranging from one cent to \$5,000. Most of this fund came from New-York. About \$18,000 was subscribed by persons in various parts of the country, a little coming from Chicago, Washington and other cities.

Since the removal of the scaffolding the exterior of the monument is now seen in all its detail. The structure rises to a height of 167 feet. The base is \$90 feet square and 75 feet high. The cylindrical part rises 60 feet and terminates in the conical dome, \$20 to \$100.000 to \$100.0000 to \$100 After the death of General Grant and the calling of

clearly.

The work which remains is the finishing of the interior. The main floor, which is 69 by 77 feet, is cruciform, with a circular opening in the centre looking down into the crypt. This hail and the crypt are to be lined in white marble. In the centre of the crypt is to be constructed the marble pedestal on which will rest the sarcophagi, which are to be of Montello granite.

ALLEGED FRAUDS IN REAL ESTATE.

INVESTORS AFTER PRESIDENT BAUER AND DI-RECTOR SAMUELS, OF THE MANHATTAN INVESTMENT AND CONSTRUC-

TION COMPANY.

Detective-Sergeants Cuff and Farley, of the District-Attorney's office, yesterday arrested Saul G. Samuels, one of the directors of the Manhattan Investment and Construction Company, which has offices at No. 159 Nassau-st. There were two in-dictments against Samuels, and the detectives have been booking for him for a week. The complainants in the two cases are John and Gustav Schellhamer, who allege that they made a contract with Samuels for two lots at Manhattan Park, near White Plains, for which they were to pay \$1.275. When they had paid \$1.210 they discovered that the lots had been conveyed to another person.

President Moritz Bauer, of the same company, was summoned to the Centre Street Police Court last Friday on the complaint of five investors, who last Friday on the complaint of five investors, who alleged that the company had defrauded them. They stated that they had paid various sums for They stated that they had paid various sums for lots at Manhattan Park, but could not obtain warranty deeds, as contracted for. Bauer's examination was then adjourned until to-day.

Samuels was held in \$3.000 ball by Recorder Goff in Part I, General Sessions. He was bailed. hamer, who allege that they made a contract with

LOCAL BUSINESS COMPLICATIONS.

Warren E. Smith, manufacturer of men's and boys' clothing at No. 841 Broadway, made an individual assignment yesterday to Edwin W. Throckmorten giving a preference to the Hamilton Trust Company of Brooklyn for \$2,000, the amount due on two notes, The assignment includes real estate at Greenwich, Conn., where he has four and a half acres of land. Mr. Smith lives at the Plaza Hotel and is president and principal owner of the Warren E. Smith Company, for which a receiver was appointed on Tues-Deputy Sheriff Lipsky has received three execu-

Deputy Sheriff Lipsky has received three executions against Thomas E. Sexton, liquor-dealer, of No. 55 Whitehall-st., in favor of John H. Tegeler, \$2,917; Joe Emerich, \$1,917, and Otto Hentschell, \$161. The place was formerly a drugstore, and Mr. Sexton fitted it up as a liquor-store about May I at a cost, he said, of over \$7,000, and a few days ago a chattel mortgage was filed against it for \$1,855 in favor of his brewers. It is stated that the lease and license are in Mr. Sexton's name, but when the Sheriff went there yesterday a Mr. Carroll alleged ownership as a partner in the concern.

TIN PRISON BY MISTAKE.

GEOUS BLUNDER BY SOME ONE AT ESSEX MARKET COURT.

K Fuller, of the Court of Special Sesion by morning received information that

GUESTS AT THE LEADING HOTELS.

IMPERIAL.

W. Hazen, Boston. Hand & wife, Scranton.

Yenn.
Y. Shea, Buffalo.
O. Cor. Louisville.
W. Garrett, Chicago.
M. Ford & wife, Hart-

N. Y.
L. Hoife, Ceveland.
M. Moraler, Porto Rico,
H. Cooney, New Orleans,
Hennessy Syracuse,
H. Waring, New-Tork,
V. Hommer & wife, New-

Taylor, Albany, Smith, Topika. Eustace, Elmica. Keppel, Norwi

J. Keppel, Norwick, Y. J. Bishop, Alban; C. Dickinson, Baston, C. Macy, Hudson, N. W. Smith, Alban; Ga.

K. Frank, Pittsburg, W. Frank, Pittsburg, B. Bechtold, Buffalo

ST. CLOUD.

cago. T. J. Powers, jr., Philadel-

E. Brooke & wife, Newark.

Mrs. C. Dodson, Pennsylva Mrs. C. Vetths, St. Louis,
Miss M. Vetths, St. Louis,
W. H. Heroy, New-York,
Miss Heroy, New-York,
Mrs. Aspinwall, Southampton, Long Island,
Mrs. Hoodgood, Southampton, Long Island,
C. L. Hort & wife, Charlestown, N. H. F. Lawson, London. Dr. H. B. Yates, Montreal Baron Hoffmann, Berlin.

BARTHOLDI. Ballow & family. ridence. Kendall & wife, Chi-W. T. Rolph, Louisville, J. M. Scott, Providence, MARLEOROUGH. G. M. Carr, Covington, La. N. E. Clark & wife, Athens

wille.
Mrs. B. Durham & children,
Savannah. BARRETT C. F. Sisson, Binghamton, W. Miss I. Alzarez, Meriden. Mrs. A. L. Ruch, New-Ornn. Roth, Lincoln. Neb. Pearce, Cincinnati. Kenney & wife, Hart-

S. Page, Oswego, W. Clark, New-Tork. BROADWAY CENTRAL G. B. Nicholou & Stam-timore G. D. Smith & wife. Stam-ford. Conn J. A. Durell & family, Som-erville. Mass A. Cooper & family, Den-ther Misses Hawkins. Pittle-The Misses Hawkins. Pittle-The Misses Hawkins. Pittle-The Misses Hawkins Pitte-C. N. Sperling. L. mend, Va.
The Rev. C. N. Sperling.
Philadelphia.
G. W. Buck, Farmingham.

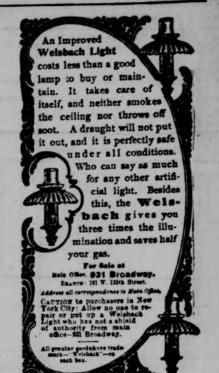
S. Dewey, Cairo, III. C. Jaffe, London. G. Beattle, Waco, Tex. H. N. Y.
E. P. Price, Cleveland,
C. V. Lodge, Rochester,
E. S. Wilson, Boston,
E. J. Dodge, Little Rock,
Ark.
C. H. Leigh, Denver,
C. E. Hunter, Holyoke,
Mass. GILSEY. Jenkins, Knoxville,

Tenn.
W. Walp & wife, Bethlehem Penn.
Mrs. J. Wood, Pittsburg.
D. H. Jone, Beeton.
E. E. Walker, Hangor, Me.
J. J. Toffer, Jersey (Tty.
B. L. Knowlton, Buffalo. I. Toffey, Jersey City.
L. Knowiton, Buffalo.
GRAND.
T. Garvey, Binghamton
N. Y.
B. Pheips & wife, Binghamton, N. Y.
Chicago.
ST. CIMUR.
R. Burns, Boston,
N. Y.
Mrs. A. O. Buckingham,
Philidelphia,
L. A. Adler, New-York,
E. Griffin & wife, Danbury,
Conn. H. Rawson, Chicago, P. Hastings, Wilmington, L. el. Ward, West Virginia. F. Nolan, Cincinnati. H. Dockstader, Ponida.

Notan Dockstader, P. STURINGS G. R. Logan, Kentucky. E. Allen, Tonawanda,
N. Y.
T. Folsom, Orange, N. J.
L. Deughty, Atlantic City
N. J.
R. Peniss, Atlantic City,
M. Stewart & wife, Pitts-

ville, Tenn.
S. B. Knight, St. Louis.
G. T. Yuung. Boston.
W. Maxwell, New-York.
C. R. Graham. Philadelphia.
D. M. Palmer. Boston.
J. H. Carter, Haverhill.
Mass. G. E. Conners, Buffalo, C. E. Putnam, Worcester, T. W. Roby, Jacksonville, B. Frankenberg, Toleda Fia.
J. H. Hoyt, Cleveland.
A. S. Rigelow, Chicago.
J. N. Kelly & wife, Chicago.
T. H. Howard & wife, Hyde
Park, N. Y.
Mrs. H. Anderson, Chicago.
P. Roberts & wife, Philade-phila. WINDSOR.

J. H. Hoyt, Ceveland.
A. S. Rigelow, Chicago.
J. N. Kelly & wife, Chicago.
J. N. Kelly & wife, Chicago.
T. H. Howard & wife, Hyde
Park, N. Y.
G. Keyes, Peston.
Mrs. H. Anderson, Chicago.
P. Roberts & wife, Philadephia
Mrs. J. W. Fuller, Pennsylvania.
Mrs. G. R. Radford, Pennagirania.
Mrs. G. R. Radford, Pennagirania.



DECISION ANXIOUSLY AWAITED.

CITY PHYSICIANS ALL INTERESTED IN THE CONTROVERSY BETWEEN THE COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY AND THE CHARI-TIES COMMISSIONERS.

The physicians who are not connected w'th any of the local medical colleges are extremely anxious to see what action will be taken by the Charities Commissioners on the protest which was filed with them on Friday by the Medical Society of the County o New-York. The protest was against the method in which appointments are made on the medical staff of the various hospitals. Positions are now awarded by the Charities Commissioners at the suggestion of the colleges, and no physician can be named unless he is recommended by one of the faculties. This rule affects the following hospitals: Gouverneur, Believue, Harlem, Fordham, Almshouse, Maternity, Workhouse, Hospital for Incurables, Randall's Island and the Hospital for Nervous Diseases.

The committee from the county scolety did not only protest against the present system, but they

asked that the twenty-eight physicians who were dismissed when the new system became operative dismissed when the new system became operative might be restored to their places. One of the physicians who was instrumental in bringing the matter officially before the Charities Commissioners said yesterday that the men who have been appointed on hospital staffs under the new system may be good men, and shey may and rephable of the good men, and they may, and probably do, fill the places as well as they could be filled by any other doctors. "But the fact remains," he continued, 'that 'outside' physicians, or those who are not connected with these colleges, have no voice in the mat-

"that 'outside' physicians, or those who are not connected with these colleges, have no voice in the matter, and men whom they would like to see appointed cannot become members of the hospital staffs, and that is a wrong against which we protest. There are good men on the local college faculities, but there are equally good men who are not connected with the schools."

There are three large medical societies in NewYork—the Academy of Medicine, the County Society and the County Association—and most of the physicians of NewYork are members of these organizations. Some belong to one of them and others to several. The protesting doctors say that if the Charitles Commissioners want help in the way of recommendations for positions on the medical staffe of the various institutions, the recognized medical societies should have a voice as well as the faculties of the various institutions, the recognized medical societies should have a voice as well as the faculties of the medical schools. "Medical schools," it was said, "are like other schools. They are created and maintained for the money that can be made out of them. One college—the Denial College—was recently denounced in a communication to the Regents of the University of the State of New-York as a family matter. The societies, on the other hand, are made up of men who represent all sides of the many questions about which physicians are apt to wrangle, and committees chosen from their membership and content the committees chosen from their membership and committees chosen from their membership and content the committees of the committees chosen from their membership and content the committees of the committees of the committees

AARON KAHN AGAIN.

Aaron Kahn, the lawyer who on several occasions has alleged that he lost \$30,000 at the Narraganasts Club, which he declares went into the treasury of Tammany Hall, yesterday announced that he had asked Justice Stover to issue a mandamus to com-pel Magistrate Mott to issue warrants for the arrest of the men who, he alleges, swindied him. He declares that they were expert poker-players, who were employed to cheat him. He refuses to give their names.

ALLEGED ELOPERS ON THE LAHN.

GERMAN COUPLE WHO WILL HAVE TO GO

In th steerage of the Lahn, which arrived yesterday, were Josef Hempfl and Lena Unger, who are said to have eloped from Zittau, Germany, where Josef left a wife. The couple, who came as man and wife, looked anything but well-to-do people they were described to be, and Lena was not a pretty fraulein. To a Tribune reporter Josef said that they had not been married, but soon would be, and he appeared utterly unconcerned about the interest he and his companion were exciting. A representative and his companion were exciting. A representative of the German Consul-General, who had been informed by cable of the elopement, boarded the Isha to look after the alleged elopers.

The couple will be taken to Ellis Island to-day and held for the Board of Special Inquiry. If they are really a runaway couple and Josef has a wife in Germany it is probable that they will be sent back on the Lahn when she sails next week.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Recess.
Supreme Court—Appellate Term—Adjourned for the term.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part I—Before Stover, I.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part II—Before Stover, I.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part II—Before Anderson on the III and III

REFEREES APPOINTED. Trustees of the Leake and Watts Orphan House aga tible—George E. Wentworth.
Ogden agt. Schluter—William H. Willis.
Union Dime Savings Institution agt. Comstock—Addert E. Carroll

RECEIVER APPOINTED Supreme Court. Windsor Red Stone Company agt. William E. Lauchan n-Francis L. Donohue.

European Advertisements.

EUROPEANS AND TRAVELLERS WIII find the London office of The Tribune, 75 Fleet Street, E. C.

a convenient place to leave their advertisements and see

Brighton, England. Hotel Metropole.

The most comfortable and luxurious seaside Hotel in the World. Finest Cuisine and Wines. Music by Hotel Orchestra during Luncheon and Dinner. En pension terms may be arranged.

The Gordon Hotels, Limited.